Fever Pathway Clinical Assessment / Management Tool for Children



Management - Acute Setting

Patier or has (Temp

presents with a history of fever •38°) Table 1	Triage / ABCAssessment (PEWS Score) Temp, HR, RR, CRT, B/P, O2 Sats, GCSNursing Assessment History, Hydration, Antipyretics, AssessReview & Consider Appropriate Antipyretic Paracetamol or Ibuprofen according to local protocol	Complete PEWS and Wessex sepsis screening tool for all patients	ess? Yes
Clinical Findings	Green - Iow risk	Amber - intermediate risk	Red - high risk
Colour Activity	 Normal colour of skin, lips and tongue Responds normally to social cues Content / smiles Stays awake or awakens quickly Strong normal cry / not crying 	 Pallor reported by parent/carer Reduced response to social cues Wakes only with prolonged stimulation Decreased activity No smile Poor feeding in infants 	 Pale/mottled/ashen/blue No response to social cues Unable to rouse or if roused doe Weak, high pitched or continuou Appears ill to a healthcare profestion
Respiratory	None of the amber or red symptoms or signs	 Nasal flaring Tachypnoea: RR 40-50 if 1-5 years; RR 25-30 if 6-11 years; RR 20-25 if >=12 years Oxygen saturation ≤ 95% in air Crackles 	 Grunting Tachypnoea: RR >60 breaths/mi RR >30 if 6-11 years; RR >25 if Moderate or severe chest indrav
Circulation and Hydration	Normal skin and eyes	 Tachycardia: HR > 160 beats/min if age < 1 yr; HR > 150 beats/min if age 1 - 2 years; HR > 140 beats/min if age 3 - 5 years; HR> 120 beats/min if 6-11years; HR >100 beats/min if age >12 years Dry mucous membranes Reduced urine output Central refill 2-3 seconds 	 Reduced skin turgor Capillary refill >3 seconds
Other	None of the amber or red symptoms or signs	 Fever for ≥ 5 days Swelling of a limb or joint Non-weight bearing / not using an extremity A new lump ≥ 2 cm Age 3-6 months temp ≥39°C (102.2°F) with no clear focus of infection Additional parental/carer support required? Recent return from malaria endemic area in preceding 3 months 	 Bulging fontanelle Neck stiffness Focal seizures Sustained tachycardia Non-blanching rash Focal neurological signs Bile-stained vomiting

For all patients, continue monitoring following PEWS Chart recommendation



This writing of this guideline involved extensive consultation with healthcare professionals in Wessex

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Contact Lead ED / Paediatric Doctor Move to Resuscitation Area Resus Call ("2222") for Paediatric Arrest

Refer

Refer to paediatrics for assessmen

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min if aged <12 months; RR >50 if 1-5 years; if >=12 years awing

 Age 0-3 months with axillary temp ≥ 38°C (100.4°F) - note children under 1 month of age at highest risk of sepsis/ meningitis. If 1-3 months of age with fever within 48 hours of Men B vaccine and clinically well, consider safety netting

First Draft Version: May 2011 Date of this Refreshed Version: November 2021 Review Date: November 2020.

Urgent Action

- full blood count C-reactive protein
- - serum electrolytes
 - Lumbar Puncture

(Hospital Emergency Department **Discuss** with Paeds)

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Table 2

Normal Paediatric Values:					
(APLS†)	Respiratory Rate at rest: [b/min]	Heart Rate [bpm]	Systolic Blood Pressure [mmHg]		
< 1 year	30 - 40	110 - 160	70 - 90		
1-2 years	25 - 35	100 - 150	80 - 95		
> 2-5 years	25 - 30	95 - 140	80 - 100		
5-12 years	20 - 25	80 - 120	90 - 110		
>12 years	15 - 20	60 - 100	100 - 120		

† Advanced Paediatric Life Support The Practical Approach Fifth Edition Advanced Life Support Group Edited by Martin Samuels; Susan Wieteska Wiley-Blackwell / 2011 BMJ Books.

Glossary of Terms		
ABC	Airways, Breathing, Circulation	
APLS	Advanced Paediatric Life Support	
AVPU	Alert Voice Pain Unresponsive	
B/P	Blood Pressure	
CPD	Continuous Professional Development	
CRT	Capillary Refill Time	
ED	Hospital Emergency Department	
GCS	Glasgow Coma Scale	
HR	Heart Rate	
МОІ	Mechanism of Injury	
PEWS	Paediatric Early Warning Score	
RR	Respiratory Rate	
WBC	White Blood Cell Count	



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